FTC 16461 INFINITE TURTLES



ENGINEERING PORTFOLIO



TEAM PLAN

Team Intro

Davy

Sid

Devan

Pavan

We are team #16461, Infinite Turtles, from Matthews, North Carolina. We're a student-led, veteran team who first competed in Skystone (2019-20).

We have **63 years of FIRST experience**, winning **1st place NC Inspire** and Winning Alliance this year, 3rd place NC Inspire last year, and team members have won states (9548) and the Maryland Tech Invitational (18253). **We strive to broaden perspectives on our team, evident in our diversity this year!**



Co-Captains (Davy & Sid) Hardware Software Business

Ryan

Zoaib

Jonathan

Amudhan

Team Management

Our team is entirely **student-led**, which means that meetings are scheduled and ran by our student leaders. We have **two captains** who oversee the team and agenda, as well as **leads** for each division.

Our coaches are there to manage bank accounts, make sure we get to competitions, and communicate things to parents! This model works well for us because it **builds student leaders** and **develops a sense of responsibility** among our members.

Recruiting and Sustainability

Sanjita

Iniva

Brook

Our team has strong funding support and a consistent workspace at our coach's house, so our main focus to keep our team sustainable is **keeping a strong member base**. This year we recruited 1 new member and had zero graduations, but with some upcoming senior graduations we have plans in place to make sure we stay in function:

- Yearly May Open Houses: We host an open house each year that is advertised on social media to help gauge new member interest! This is how **all but two** of our members have been recruited, showing its effectiveness.
- **Outreach in Community:** Increasing FIRST awareness is good for the program, and for our teamby performing outreach locally, we introduce people to FIRST who then might consider our team.



TEAM PLAN

Fundraising and Sponsors

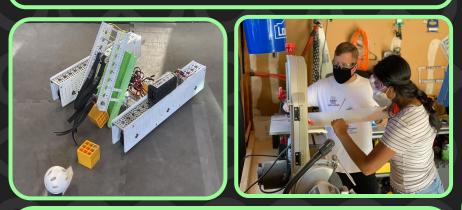
We gain sponsors through our community connections as well as contacting companies ourselves to ask for sponsorships! We have sponsors that support us financially as well as with resources.

Monetary: Google, Microsoft, Collins Aerospace Discount: SendCutSend, goBILDA, Servo City Materials: Clickfold Plastics Software: Mathworks, Simscale, Github, Google

Green highlighted sponsors are continuous, carrying over from last year!

Mentors

Our mentors help build our skills. Experts like **Coach Rick** and **Florent Astie** guide us with their knowledge, but never tell us the answer directly. We typically **recruit** mentors from community platforms and technical connections with companies.



Skill Sustainability - Outreach Bot

With the **high level mechanical work** our team does, it can create an **unstable environment** where basic skills often get neglected in favor of advanced work. Through our outreach bot, we are able to build consistency in learning. We build a second robot to help build these skills, such as **CAD with COTS parts** and **mechanical assembly**. This bot is also used at outreach events to practice presenting skills, another benefit!

Solo Learning: What Are We Proud Of?

Davy – learning FEA and further developing CAD skills with bot structure!
Sid – community interaction and creating resources impacting all of FTC!
Ryan – contributing to the open source
FTC programming community.
Pavan – improving CAD skills and documentation.

Sanjita – working with the global FIRST community & learning control theory Amudhan – learning code and mechanical skills.

Brook – learning post processing techniques, and spreading FIRST! **Zoaib** – learning CAD and improving his FTC programming skills!

Iniya - connecting with the FIRST community, learning, and teaching! **Jonathan** - learning to code the outreach bot.

Devan - learning to code and enhancing his mechanical understanding.

Preseason Financial Planning

Date	Description	Income	Expense	Balance
4/13/2021	Team Dues	\$463.13		\$1,722.81
4/13/2021	Microsoft Income	\$1,000		\$2,185.94
5/17/2021	Offseason DT Plates (SCS)		\$67.15	\$2,118.79
5/20/2021	Offseason DT Belts (V-Belt Guys)		\$26.53	\$2,092.26
5/20/2021	Offseason DT Parts (goBILDA)		\$356.90	\$1,735.36
5/23/2021	Offseason DT Tools (goBILDA)		\$49.54	\$1,685.82
05/23/2021	Team Registration (FIRST)		\$284.37	\$1,401.45
05/24/2021	Control Hub (REV)		\$294.94	\$1,106.51
05/27/2021	Freight Frenzy Field (AndyMark)		\$515.56	\$590.95
06/01/2021	(Not Gaffers) Freight Frenzy Tape		\$81.44	\$509.51
06/09/2021	Offseason DT E-Clips (McMaster)		\$17.16	\$492.35
06/18/2021	Driver Hub (REV)		\$225.23	\$267.12
07/22/2021	Team Dues	\$2,801.25		\$3,068.37
TENTATIVE				
	Registration		\$350	\$2,718.37
	Merch		\$450	\$2,268.37
	Robot		\$1,500	\$768.37
	Misc. Parts and Tools		\$300	\$468.37
	Outreach Bot		\$1,000	-\$531.63
	Microsoft Income	\$3,900		\$3,368.37



OUTREACH - STEM TEACHING

Outreach Program Summary

Through our **STEM education programs**, we aimed to reach out to our **local and state communities** to provide education and resources for getting involved in FIRST and the **value of involvement in STEM**.

Impact: 600 Students | Hours: 100

Community Demo Girls in Aviation Day



Over **100** girl scouts and their families came to our booth at an airport event to learn about FIRST! One group was so interested that we **helped them start their own FLL team**.

NC FLL & FTC Kickoff - 5 Classes

Our kickoff classes had **60+ FLL** attendees and **100+ FTC** attendees! We taught FLL teams about project development and robot consistency and we taught FTC teams about 3d printing, the design process, and rendering!

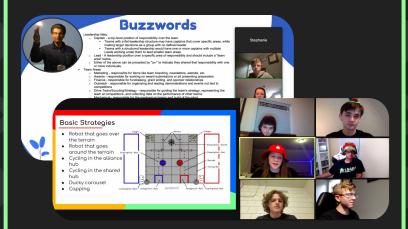


FLL Competition Volunteering 4 Competitions



We make sure to support our home program in NC that raised all of us through FLL! This year we provided **most of our team as volunteers and referees** to **3** different official FLL tournaments (including our region's state champs) and **1** unofficial tournament, helping maintain the FLL community in our area.

Community Discussions - 3 Events



We worked with other NC teams to come together to share our knowledge and experience! We helped host and participated in **3 group discussions:** a post kickoff brainstorming session, a post scrimmage strategy review, and a dean's list clinic to give tips to nominees!

OUTREACH - PUBLIC RESOURCES

Outreach Program Summary

Through our Public Resource programs, we are able to contribute to the **permanence of information in FIRST**, providing resources in our **areas of expertise** such as 3D printing, design and team management. **Impact:** 160,000+ Views | Hours: 300



OUTREACH - FIRST COMMUNITY

Mentoring 3 teams

We adhere to the FIRST guidelines for **Mentoring** for teams **FTC 5890** from San Antonio, TX, **FTC 18175** from Charlotte, NC, and **FLL 38482** from Ballantyne, NC.

We have mentorship letters from these teams available on request, confirming details of our relationship and specific assistance throughout the season.





FTC Discord 10,000 Students

Our team has **1 admin and 1 moderator** on the **FTC discord server (partnered officially with Discord)**, We help make sure that the community remains a **safe and welcoming place** for all members to develop their skill.

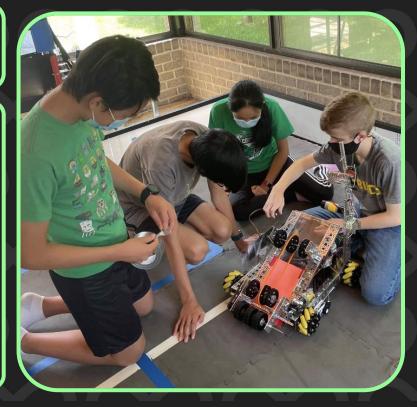
🛨 🔰 1,000,000 Messages Since Kickoff

10,000 Members

2,500 Weekly Visitors

Direct Assistance ~50 teams

[REDACTED]

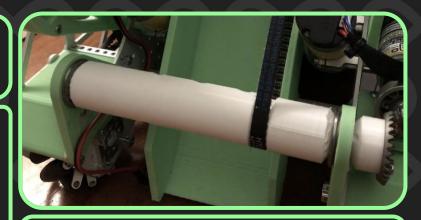




OUTREACH - INDUSTRY

Collins Aerospace

[REDACTED]



Roboť

🗾 SIMSCALE

iRobot

Simscale



AURIS™

Auris Health

When working with capstone design, we were seeking advice on the usage of magnets. We got in touch with Andrew Torrance, an engineer at Auris Health and a mentor on FRC 254. Mr. Torrance advised us on **minimizing magnet contact distance and auto-orienting magnetic fields**. With his advice, we reached a successful end result of that capstone iteration, but later unfortunately had to revise the design for other purposes. [REDACTED]



STRATEGY & DESIGN PROCESS

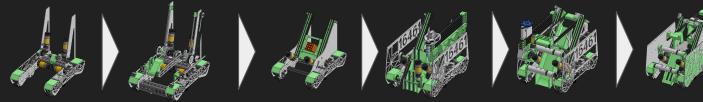


We chose to start the season by **aiming to accomplish every mission on the field** due to our expansive experience. We brainstormed mechanisms that would be able to do so, and succeeded with combinations of **20 Alliance Hub Cycles**, **20 Shared Hub Cycles**, **All Ducks, 2 Capstones, and Parking.** This approach to game strategy this year was a challenge and a learning experience, and carried through all 3 of our team's robots, pictured above (Scrimmage, Region, and Worlds robots left to right)

Design Process - Digital and Agile Philosophy

Our team follows a design process closely that focuses on the design and simulation of parts virtually to ensure proper function before we manufacture and test. Many of our iterations exist **solely in CAD**, which increases our design speed and lowers robot costs. We operate with speed and agility too, **Failing Fast and Often**, which helps us make the best bot we can without lingering on ideas.

Pre-States Design Evolution



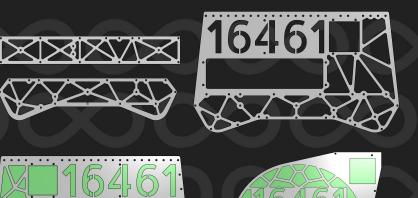


ROBOT CHASSIS

Drivetrain

-7.5ft/s free speed, 6.5ft/s simulated and match speed

-11.5" wide to fit through the gap
-Mecanum and Locking Mecanum
-Fully custom aluminum structure with
weight optimization and static analysis
-Side rollers for easy movement along
walls





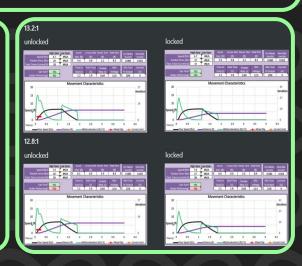
Terrain Handling

-High clearance and sealed drivetrain base to not catch

-Locking Mecanum for a traction boost
-Full barrier clearance on all mechanisms
-Ratio that balances acceleration and speed for efficient barrier crossing

Lessons Learned

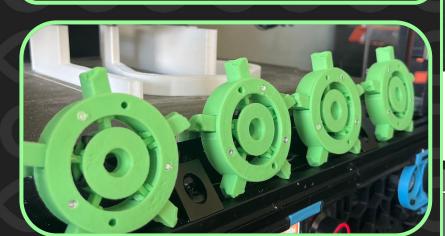
This drivetrain taught us our biggest lesson this yearsimulate everything. We wasted many months and lost a lot of points to a very slow ratio, and didn't get around to updating it util our version 3. If we had done this when starting out, we would have performed much better, earlier, so we've resolved to simulate drivetrain speed profiles at the very start of the season every year from now on.





LOCKING MECANUM

We are the **first FTC team** to create a **"Locking Mecanum"**, a modified mecanum wheel that can function as both a traction and holonomic wheel. It does this with **six linkages made with some of the most advanced manufacturing and 3d printing post processing methods in FTC.** The rollers are "locked" in place by this **custom servo driven mechanism** and the wheel becomes an effective traction wheel at our will, giving us the benefits of such!



Full Holonomic Capability 1.4x 1.2x Tractive Force Acceleration 15 15 10 10 Speed (ft Speed (ft 0 0 0.5 0.5 me (s) Time (s) r Speed (ft/s) Locked Accel **Unlocked Accel** Curves **Curves (ILITE** Simulator) (ILITE Simulator)





Design Process

V1 goBILDA goRAIL lead screw based with a round belt held by pins. (Too Precise)

V2 Actobotics Converted to acto x-rail core with the same breaking mechanism. (Melted)

V3 Hemisphere Iris Iris opener with hemispheres to press into rollers. (Tough to Actuate)

V4 Pen Clicker Mech Pen clicker mechanism to actuate open the iris. (Too Complex)

V5 Fine Plunger This version used a pin with a high angle to actuate. (Easy to Break)

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]



DEPOSIT SYSTEM

		Design Process
		V1 Belt Differential Deposit 1 A simple 1 axis belt differential to move/drop elements (No Reach)
		V2 Belt Differential Deposit 2 Added horizontal extension to the differential's capabilities (Couldn't do Shared Hub)
Our Differential + -	 ★ Max arm speed: 25ft/s ★ Mechanically efficient linear rail lift 	V3 Belt Differential Deposit 3 Added a servo turret to allow depositing to the side. (Slower than optimal)
+ Lift Up Arm In- Arm Out Lift Down	★ Stable crossbeam support	V4 Chain Differential Deposit Much faster and sturdier
Chain D	deposit with an arm instead of horizontal extension (Working)	
This year we are using a chai similar properties to a differe	n differential , a mechanism with ntial that uses two inputs to	

similar properties to a differential that uses two inputs to control two outputs with variable power (chart above). Our unique differential controls vertical extension and arm rotation, allowing us to move our lift with speed and precision.

We used **Recalc Simulator** to determine that a 13.7:1 ratio motor was ideal for our lift, giving us ideal acceleration and speed.

We started off this season with a belt differential inspired by FTC team 9881, but eventually swapped to chain for less stretch, easier maintenance, and our own spin on the concept.





INTAKE SYSTEM

"Touch it, Own It"

We operate on the FRC principle of **"Touch it, Own it"**. Once an element touches our robot's intake, we control it fully, even able to **intake while driving the other direction**.c

Flipout Intake

By designing a **flipout intake**, primarily intended to avoid disturbing the warehouse, we were able to better package our intake for **stability**, **strength**, **and sizing** in our small robot.

Design Process

V1 Belt Intake An intake with cut timing belts to grip and propel cubes. (No grip)

V2 Tubing Intake A surgical tubing intake with a defined path. (Often Got Possession Penalties)

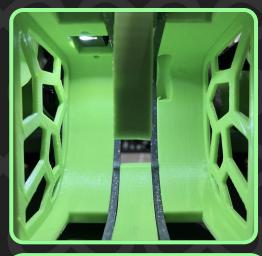
V3 Updated Tubing Intake Added a linkage gate to only intake one element. (Unreliable and slow)

V4 Short Tubing Intake Shortened intake path to have no transfer and added flipout capabilities. (Working)

Power Transmission

Our **unique multistage power transmission** has 3d printed gears and pulleys connected and compacted as effectively as possible.





Color Sensor Detection



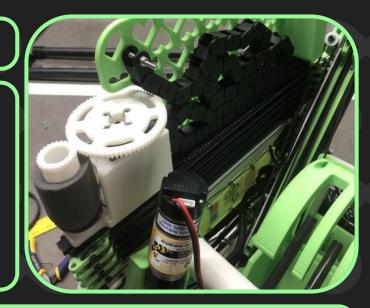
DUCK MECHANISM HISTORY

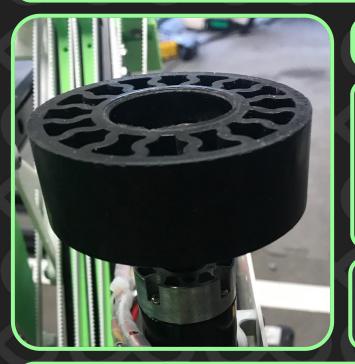
VERSION 1

Continuous Duck

Our first duck mechanism this year was a stab at **task overlap**. We engineered a duck mechanism mounted on an extension to theoretically allow us to cycle while doing carousel. We had it working mechanically, but found out that it was far **too complex** and tough to drive to feasibly run in competition.

Why we decided to move on: Complexity isn't always best!





VERSION 2

A Simple Wheel

Our second duck mechanism this year was a simple wheel. We did calculations to **max out spinning speed** on our motor using our physics experience, but still lost out on some speed once the duck hit the sweeper.

Why we decided to move on: We could optimize on speed a little bit further.

 $rac{mv^2}{r}=mg\mu$

 $rac{0.02v^2}{0.15} = 0.02*9.8*0.5$

 $v=0.86rac{m}{s}$

VERSION 3

The FASTEST wheel

Where's the safety glasses?? We kicked our duck motor up to 6000 rpm for our worlds bot, sending ducks flying off the sweeper bar. Let's just hope all the carousels are properly constrained though, because otherwise there might be some large frisbees on Davinci! Overall though, this mech has served us well and satisfied our pursuit of an ideal and simple design.





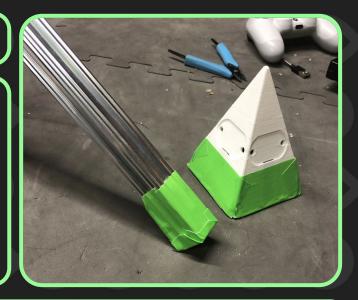
TSE MECHANISM HISTORY

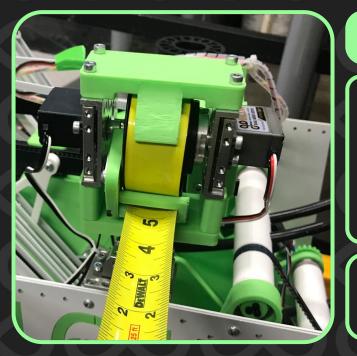
VERSION 1

Auto-Orienting Arm

Our first cap mechanism this year was a **multimagnet arm on 1 axis** that could just barely pick up our cone shaped capstones and place them down. From the first test we recognized that it was a **temporary solution**. For the time being though, features like auto-orienting using multiple magnets were fun to play with!

Why we decided to move on: We saw the idea of tape measure cap executed by other teams!





VERSION 2

Tape Measure

4.66pt/s

Our second cap mechanism this year was a 3 axis turret that was able to pick up and score a TSE from 9 feet away, allowing **task overlap** with carousel. It utilized a unpackaged tape measure with custom casing.

Why we decided to move on: It performed inconsistently at our state champs, losing us points.

With task overlap

3.00pt/s 💻

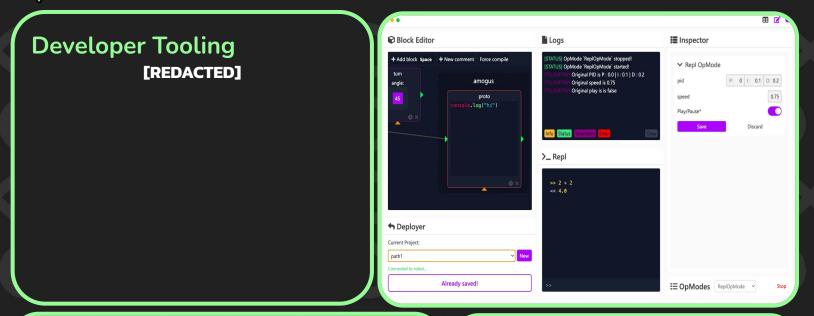
VERSION 3

2-Stage Sprung Arm

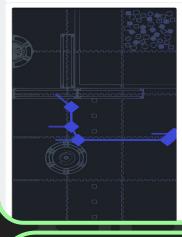
Our final capping mechanism this year is a **2 stage sprung arm** with a bearing supported magnet on the endpiece. This allows us to pick up a capstone and have it remain level with the ground, and also retract our arm back into the robot without extending past the size limit. Simplicity was also a focus here, not wanting a difficult to repair mechanism for the long event that worlds is.



PROGRAMMING - DEVELOPMENT







Path Points

wh from goal	 New Save
Enal	ole Tangent
Point 1	x: -10 y: 17 h: 43
Point 2	x: -10 y: 6 h: 90
Point 3	x: -7 y: -1.5 h: 90
Point 4	x: 32 y: -1.5 h: 90
Point 5	x: 35 y: 2 h: 90
+	New Point

Languages

FTC normally starts and stops at **Java**- but we decided to see what other languages offer for us.

- ★ All of our robot code is in Kotlin, a common java alternative with syntax improvements.
- ★ Our custom web dashboard is coded in Svelte, Javascript, CSS, Typescript, and HTML, providing all the features we needed (with a lot of learning mixed in).
 We enjoyed playing with other coding

languages for FTC this year and encourage others to do the same!

Live Updating

- ★ Typically, it takes 2+ minutes to build and upload a single code change to an FTC robot.
- ★ Our custom dashboard allows us to live update variables, paths, and more on the bot.
- This allows us to prototype values in realtime, without having to wait minutes for each change.

Hardware

retract3

🗲 intake

Power: 0.00

Power: 0.00

Robot Control

Robot Control

🗲 frontRight

Robot Control

frontLeft Power: 0.00

Robot Control

🗲 backRight

Manual

Manual

Manual

Manual



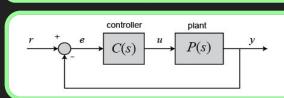
PROGRAMMING - GENERAL

PID Controllers

We use PID-F to **accurately follow paths**, define our **motion on lift**, **intake**, **and drivetrain**, and dynamically control the velocity of our bot, maximizing the efficiency and speed of each action. We understand the concepts of PID at a core level, with 13+ semesters of college math on our team ranging from Calculus 1 all the way to Multivariable Calculus and Differential Equations.

PID In Equation Form

$$u(t)=K_p e(t)+K_i \int_0^t e(t) dt+K_d(rac{de(t)}{dt})$$



Our control theory implementation of PID



Machine Vision

We use machine vision to identify our capstone in auto, using special **April Tags** to make our vision reliable. Thanks to an OpenFTC JNI integration for C++ library, we can use the AprilTags in our code with a **custom OpenCV pipeline**. We added a Kotlin wrapper to work in our codebase, allowing us to work with it more easily and increase efficiency. **April Tags can be detected in any intensity and color of light**.

Color Sensor Optimization

Instead of the default SDK method of calling a value from our color sensor for each RGB value, we pull **raw hexadecimal data from i2c**, cutting hardware calls down to one for performance. Using this we also found that numbers were more stable, decreasing sensor anomalies. Pictured right are some of our hand calculations solving a system of equations to determine the optimal freight detection values.

Blue Spoke 50 50 Ball 15 15 15 110 14 140 Black Sp 85 30 Box 7(1.5) × AVY(28)